

## Multiple Catch in Exception Handling

```
class eh3
{
    public static void main(String ar[])
    {
        int a[]={5,10};
        int b=5;

        try
        {
            int x=a[2]/(b-a[0]);
        }
        catch(ArithmeticException e)
        {
            System.out.println("div by zero");
        }
        catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e)
        {
            System.out.println("Array Error");
        }
        int y=a[1]/a[0];

        System.out.println(y);
    }
}
```